

Angle of Turn, deg	Design Classification	3-Centered Compound Curve Radii, ft	3-Centered Compound Curve Offset, ft	Lane Width, ft	Approx. Island Size, ft <sup>2</sup>
75	A	150-75-150	3.5	14	60
	B	150-75-150	5.0	18	50
	C	180-90-180	3.5	20	50
90	A	150-50-150	3.0	14	50
	B	150-50-150	5.0	18	80
	C	180-65-180	6.0	20	125
105	A	120-40-120	2.0	15	70
	B	100-35-100	5.0	22	50
	C	180-45-180	8.0	30	60
120	A	100-30-100	2.5	16	120
	B	100-30-100	5.0	24	90
	C	180-40-180	8.5	34	220
135	A	100-30-100	2.5	16	460
	B	100-30-100	5.0	26	370
	C	160-35-160	9.0	35	640
150	A	100-30-100	2.5	16	1400
	B	100-30-100	6.0	30	1170
	C	160-35-160	7.1	38	1720

- Asymmetric three-centered compound curve and straight tapers with a simple curve may also be used without significantly altering the roadway width or the corner island size. Painted island delineation is recommended for islands less than 75 ft<sup>2</sup> in size.
- Design classifications are defined as follows:
  - A: Primarily P. Permits occasional design single-unit truck to turn with restricted clearances.
  - B: Provides adequately for SU. Permits occasional WB-50 to turn with slight encroachment on adjacent traffic lanes.
  - C: Provides fully for WB-50.

#### TYPICAL DESIGNS FOR TURNING ROADWAYS

**Figure 46-3E**